

SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

# ARPAX A2 AIR FRESHENER CONCENTRATE

# Section: 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier: ARPAX A2 AIR FRESHENER CONCENTRATE

Substance type: CLP Mixture

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

Use of the Substance/Mixture : ODOR CONTROL

Recommended restrictions on use : Reserved for industrial and professional use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

Company : Ecolab Ltd.

PO Box 11; Winnington Avenue

Northwich Cheshire, United Kingdom CW8 4DX

+ 44 (0)1606 74488 ccs@ecolab.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Emergency telephone number : +441618841235

+32-(0)3-575-5555 Trans-European

Trans-European

Date of Compilation/Revision: 13.02.2020

Version Number: 1.1

# **Section: 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3

Acute toxicity, Category 4

Serious eye damage, Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 3

H226

H302

H318

H412

#### 2.2 Label elements

# Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :







Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks,

open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face

protection.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with

water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/doctor.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label: Alcohols, C13, branched, ethoxylated

Special labelling of certain

mixtures

: Contains: Limonene 2,6-OCTADIEN-1-OL, 3,7-DIMETHYL-,

ACETATE, (E)- Citral 3-(4-TERT-

BUTYLPHENYL)PROPIONALDEHYDE May produce an

allergic reaction.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

None known.

# Section: 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.2 Mixtures

# **Hazardous components**

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration:
	EC-No.	(REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	[%]
	REACH No.		
Alcohols, C13, branched,	69011-36-5	Acute toxicity Category 4; H302	25 - < 30
ethoxylated		Serious eye damage Category 1; H318	
	20.100.15.0	011 1 11 11 0 1 0 1 10 1	
ALCOHOLS, C6-12,	68439-45-2	Skin irritation Category 2; H315	2.5 - < 3
ETHOXYLATED		Serious eye damage Category 1; H318	
2,6-DIMETHYLOCT-7-EN-2-OL	18479-58-8	Eye irritation Category 2; H319	1 - < 2.5
Limonene	5989-27-5	Nota C Flammable liquids Category 3;	0.25 - < 0.5
	227-813-5	H226	
		Skin irritation Category 2; H315	
		Skin sensitization Category 1; H317	
		Acute aquatic toxicity Category 1; H400	
		Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 1; H410	
2,6-OCTADIEN-1-OL, 3,7-	105-87-3	Skin irritation Category 2; H315	0.25 - < 0.5
DIMETHYL-, ACETATE, (E)-	203-341-5	Skin sensitization Category 1; H317	
	01-2119973480-35	Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 3; H412	
Citral	5392-40-5	Skin irritation Category 2; H315	0.25 - < 0.5
	226-394-6	Skin sensitization Category 1; H317	
	01-2119462829-23		
3-(4-TERT-	18127-01-0	Acute toxicity Category 3;	0.1 - < 0.25
BUTYLPHENYL)PROPIONALD	242-016-2	Acute toxicity Category 3;	

EHYDE	01-2119983533-30	Acute toxicity Category 3; Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 2; Skin sensitization Category 1;	
Substances with a workplace	e exposure limit :		
Ethanol	64-17-5 200-578-6	Flammable liquids Category 2; H225	5 - < 10

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

# **Section: 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

If inhaled : Remove to fresh air.

Treat symptomatically.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : Wash off with soap and plenty of water.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed : Rinse mouth.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Protection of first-aiders : In event of emergency assess the danger before taking action.

Do not put yourself at risk of injury. If in doubt, contact

emergency responders. Use personal protective equipment as

required.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

# **Section: 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam

Carbon dioxide Dry powder

Other extinguishing agent suitable for Class B fires

For large fires, use water spray or fog, thoroughly drenching

the burning material.

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during

firefighting

: Fire Hazard

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive

concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

Hazardous combustion

products

: Depending on combustion properties, decomposition products

may include following materials:

Carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: Use personal protective equipment.

Further information : Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Fire residues

and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. In the event of fire

and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

# Section: 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency

personnel

: Ensure adequate ventilation.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes. When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure

limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Advice for emergency

responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take

note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable

materials.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.

# 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Stop leak if safe to do so.

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to

local / national regulations (see section 13).

Flush away traces with water.

For large spills, dike spilled material or otherwise contain material to ensure runoff does not reach a waterway.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

For personal protection see section 8.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# Section: 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge

(which might cause ignition of organic vapours). Do not ingest. Keep away from fire, sparks and heated surfaces. Do not breathe spray, vapour. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Hygiene measures

: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Provide suitable facilities for quick drenching or flushing of the eyes and body in case of contact or splash hazard.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from oxidizing agents. Keep out of reach of children. Keep container tightly closed. Store in suitable labelled containers.

: Keep in properly labelled containers.

7.3 Specific end uses

Suitable material

Specific use(s) : ODOR CONTROL

# Section: 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# 8.1 Control parameters

# **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No	).	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Ethanol	64-17-5		TWA	1,000 ppm 1,920 mg/m3	UKCOSSTD
Further information	16	Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.			

# **DNEL**

Limonene	End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Dermal Potential health effects: short-term - local Value: 0.222 mg/cm2
	End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: long term - systemic Value: 33.3 mg/m3
Ethanol	End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: short-term - local Value: 1900 mg/m3
	End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Dermal Potential health effects: long term - systemic
	End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation

	<u> </u>	
		Potential health effects: long term - systemic Value: 950 mg/m3
PNEC	<u> </u>	
Limonene	:	Fresh water Value: 0.0054 mg/l
		Marine water Value: 0.00054 mg/l
		STP Value: 1.8 mg/l
		Fresh water sediment Value: 1.32 mg/kg
		Marine sediment Value: 0.13 mg/kg
		Soil Value: 0.262 mg/kg
		Oral Value: 3.33 mg/kg
Ethanol	:	Fresh water Value: 0.96 mg/l
		Marine water Value: 0.79 mg/l
		Intermittent release Value: 2.75 mg/l
		STP Value: 580 mg/l
		Fresh water sediment Value: 2.6 mg/kg
		Marine sediment Value: 2.9 mg/kg
		Soil Value: 0.63 mg/kg
		Oral Value: 0.72 mg/kg

# 8.2 Exposure controls

# Appropriate engineering controls

Effective exhaust ventilation system.

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards.

# Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.Provide suitable facilities for quick drenching or flushing of the eyes and body in case of contact or splash

hazard.

Eye/face protection (EN

166)

: Safety goggles Face-shield

Hand protection (EN 374) : Recommended preventive skin protection

Gloves Nitrile rubber butyl-rubber

Breakthrough time: 1 – 4 hours

Minimum thickness for butyl-rubber 0.3 mm for nitrile rubber

0.2 mm or equivalent (please refer to the gloves

manufacturer/distributor for advise).

Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Skin and body protection

(EN 14605)

: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection (EN

143, 14387)

: When respiratory risks cannot be avoided or sufficiently limited by technical means of collective protection or by measures, methods or procedures of work organization, consider the use of certified respiratory protection equipment meeting EU requirements (89/656/EEC, (EU) 2016/425), or

equivalent, with filter type: A-P

The Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) recommendations provided above have been made in good faith based on typical expected conditions of use. PPE selection should always be completed in conjunction with a proper risk assessment and in accordance with a PPE management program.

### **Environmental exposure controls**

General advice : Consider the provision of containment around storage

vessels.

# Section: 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** : liquid

Colour : clear, pink Odour characteristic

: 46 °C Flash point

pΗ : not determined Odour Threshold : no data available Melting point/freezing point : no data available Initial boiling point and boiling : no data available

range

: no data available Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) : no data available Upper explosion limit : no data available

Lower explosion limit : no data available

Vapour pressure : no data available

Relative vapour density : no data available

Relative density : 1.00 - 1.02

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : soluble in cold water, soluble in hot water

Solubility in other solvents : no data available

Partition coefficient: n- : no data available

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : no data available
Thermal decomposition : no data available
Viscosity, dynamic : no data available
Viscosity, kinematic : no data available
Explosive properties : no data available
Oxidizing properties : no data available

#### 9.2 Other information

no data available

# Section: 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

# 10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

# 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidizing agents

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition :

products

: Depending on combustion properties, decomposition products

may include following materials:

Carbon oxides

# Section: 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of

exposure

: Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact

# **Toxicity**

# **Product**

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate : 1,755 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity

: Acute toxicity estimate : > 20 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate : > 2,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation : There is no data available for this product.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

: There is no data available for this product.

Respiratory or skin

sensitization

: There is no data available for this product.

Carcinogenicity : There is no data available for this product.

Reproductive effects : There is no data available for this product.

Germ cell mutagenicity : There is no data available for this product.

Teratogenicity : There is no data available for this product.

STOT - single exposure : There is no data available for this product.

STOT - repeated exposure : There is no data available for this product.

Aspiration toxicity : There is no data available for this product.

#### Components

Acute oral toxicity : Alcohols, C13, branched, ethoxylated

LD50 rat: > 500 mg/kg

ALCOHOLS, C6-12, ETHOXYLATED

LD50 rat: 7,000 mg/kg

2,6-DIMETHYLOCT-7-EN-2-OL

LD50 rat: 3,600 mg/kg

Limonene

LD50 rat: 4,400 mg/kg

2,6-OCTADIEN-1-OL, 3,7-DIMETHYL-, ACETATE, (E)-

LD50 rat: 6,330 mg/kg

Citral

LD50 rat: 4,960 mg/kg

Ethanol

LD50 rat: 10,470 mg/kg

Components

Acute inhalation toxicity : Ethanol

LC50 rat: 117 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour

Components

Acute dermal toxicity : ALCOHOLS, C6-12, ETHOXYLATED

LD50 rabbit: > 2,000 mg/kg 2,6-DIMETHYLOCT-7-EN-2-OL LD50 rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg

Limonene

LD50 rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg

2,6-OCTADIEN-1-OL, 3,7-DIMETHYL-, ACETATE, (E)-

LD50 rabbit: 5,460 mg/kg

Citral

LD50 rat: 2,250 mg/kg

Ethanol

LD50 rabbit: > 15,800 mg/kg

**Potential Health Effects** 

Eyes : Causes serious eye damage.

Skin : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal

use.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

Inhalation : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal

use.

Chronic Exposure : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal

use.

**Experience with human exposure** 

Eye contact : Redness, Pain, Corrosion

Skin contact : No symptoms known or expected.

Ingestion : No information available.

Inhalation : No symptoms known or expected.

Further information : no data available

# Section: 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# 12.1 Ecotoxicity

# **Product**

Environmental Effects : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Toxicity to fish : no data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: no data available

Toxicity to algae : no data available

Components

Toxicity to fish : Alcohols, C13, branched, ethoxylated

96 h LC50 Fish: 3 mg/l

ALCOHOLS, C6-12, ETHOXYLATED

96 h LC50 Fish: 1.5 mg/l

Limonene

96 h LC50 Fathead Minnow: 0.72 mg/l

Method: OECD 203

2,6-OCTADIEN-1-OL, 3,7-DIMETHYL-, ACETATE, (E)-96 h LC50 Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe): 68.12 mg/l

Citral

96 h LC50 Fish: 6.78 mg/l

Ethanol

96 h LC50 Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): >

100 mg/l

Components

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: Alcohols, C13, branched, ethoxylated

48 h EC50 Daphnia magna (Water flea): 1.5 mg/l

Limonene

48 h EC50 Daphnia magna: 0.36 mg/l

Method: OECD 202

2,6-OCTADIEN-1-OL, 3,7-DIMETHYL-, ACETATE, (E)-48 h EC50 Daphnia magna (Water flea): 14.1 mg/l

Components

Toxicity to algae : 2,6-DIMETHYLOCT-7-EN-2-OL

72 h EC50: 38 mg/l 72 h EC50: 38 mg/l

Limonene

72 h EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae):

ca. 8 mg/l

Method: OECD 201

2,6-OCTADIEN-1-OL, 3,7-DIMETHYL-, ACETATE, (E)-72 h EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae):

3.72 mg/l

Citral

72 h EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae):

103.8 mg/l

Method: DIN 38412

GLP: No

Components

Toxicity to bacteria : Limonene

3 h EC50 Sewage Microorganisms: 209 mg/l

Method: OECD 209

Components

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic

toxicity)

: Limonene

16 d NOEC Daphnia: 0.115 mg/l

Method: Calculated

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

### **Product**

no data available

#### Components

Biodegradability : Alcohols, C13, branched, ethoxylated

Result: Biodegradable

ALCOHOLS, C6-12, ETHOXYLATED Result: Readily biodegradable.

2,6-DIMETHYLOCT-7-EN-2-OL Result: Readily biodegradable.

2,6-DIMETHYLOCT-7-EN-2-OL Result: Readily biodegradable.

Limonene

Result: Readily biodegradable.

2,6-OCTADIEN-1-OL, 3,7-DIMETHYL-, ACETATE, (E)-

Result: Readily biodegradable.

Citral

Result: Readily biodegradable.

3-(4-TERT-BUTYLPHENYL)PROPIONALDEHYDE

Result: Readily biodegradable.

Ethanol

Result: Readily biodegradable.

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

no data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### **Product**

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

no data available

# **Section: 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or

incineration.

If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with

local regulations.

Dispose of wastes in an approved waste disposal facility.

Contaminated packaging : Dispose of as unused product.

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

Guidance for Waste Code

selection

: Organic wastes containing dangerous substances. If this product is used in any further processes, the final user must redefine and assign the most appropriate European Waste Catalogue Code. It is the responsibility of the waste generator

to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable European (EU Directive 2008/98/EC) and local

regulations.

#### Section: 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipper/consignor/sender is responsible to ensure that the packaging, labeling, and markings are in compliance with the selected mode of transport.

# Land transport (ADR/ADN/RID)

**14.1 UN number:** UN 1987

**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** ALCOHOL, N.O.S. (Ethanol)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es):314.4 Packing group:III14.5 Environmental hazards:No

**14.6 Special precautions for user:** Not applicable.

Air transport (IATA)

14.1 UN number: UN 1987

14.2 UN proper shipping name: ALCOHOL, N.O.S. (Ethanol)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 14.4 Packing group: Ш 14.5 Environmental hazards: No

14.6 Special precautions for user: Not applicable.

Sea transport (IMDG/IMO)

14.1 UN number: UN 1987

14.2 UN proper shipping name: ALCOHOL, N.O.S. (Ethanol)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3 14.4 Packing group: Ш 14.5 Environmental hazards: No

14.6 Special precautions for user: Not applicable. 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC

Code:

# Section: 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

#### INTERNATIONAL CHEMICAL CONTROL LAWS

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment:

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out on the product.

# **Section: 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

# Procedure used to derive the classification according to REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

Classification	Justification
Flammable liquids 3, H226	Based on product data or assessment
Acute toxicity 4, H302	Calculation method
Serious eye damage 1, H318	Calculation method
Chronic aquatic toxicity 3, H412	Calculation method

#### Full text of H-Statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### Full text of other abbreviations

ADN – European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR – European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of

Materials; bw – Body weight; CLP – Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number – European Community number; ECx – Concentration associated with x% response; ELx – Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS – Emergency Schedule; ENCS – Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS -Globally Harmonized System; GLP – Good Laboratory Practice; IARC – International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR – (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH – Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI – Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS – Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet

: IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man, Geneva: World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer.

The possible key literature references and data sources which may have been used in conjunction with the consideration of expert judgment to compile this Safety Data Sheet: European regulations/directives (including (EC) No. 1907/2006, (EC) No. 1272/2008), supplier data, inter-net, ESIS, IUCLID, ERIcards, Non European official regulatory data and other data sources.

Prepared By : Regulatory Affairs

Numbers quoted in the MSDS are given in the format: 1,000,000 = 1 million and 1,000 = 1 thousand. 0.1 = 1 tenth and 0.001 = 1 thousandth

REVISED INFORMATION: Significant changes to regulatory or health information for this revision is indicated by a bar in the left-hand margin of the SDS.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.