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Test Report: EN 1276:2019

Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics – Quantitative suspension test for the evaluation of bactericidal activity of chemical disinfectants and antiseptics used in food, industrial, domestic and institutional

areas – Test method and requirements (phase 2, step 1)

Identification of the test laboratory: Abbott Analytical Ltd

Unit 2, Hickmans Road, Birkenhead, CH41 1JH, United Kingdom

Identification of the client: Centrego Ltd

The Coach House, Newbury, Frome, BA11 3RG, United Kingdom

Identification of the sample: 20B/170

Name of the product: Toucan ECA Solutions

Batch number/reference and expiry date (if available):

N/A

Date of delivery: 11 February 2020

Storage conditions: Room temperature in darkness

Product diluent recommended by

the manufacturer for use:

Not disclosed

Active substance(s) and their A solution of Hypochlorous acid generated using a single activation of

concentrations (s) (optional): Centrego's Toucan Electrochemical Activation (ECA) system.

Active substances: HOCl and NaOCl.

Appearance of the product: Clear colourless liquid

Notes:

- 1) The test results in this report relate only to the sample(s) tested.
- 2) This test report may not be reproduced except in full, adapted, altered or used to create a derivative work, without written approval from Abbott Analytical Ltd.
- 3) Re-issue of report CEG.20B170.IB, dated 06 March 2020. Reason: Addition of active substances and their method of production.

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Test method and its validation:

Method: Dilution-neutralisation

Neutraliser: 30.0 g/l Polysorbate 80 + 5.0 g/l Lecithin + 1.0 g/l L-histidine +

1.0 g/l L-cysteine (Neutraliser A)

Neutraliser validation: Validated in accordance with EN 1276:2019 (5.5.2)

Experimental conditions:

Period of analysis: 03 March 2020 to 05 March 2020

Product test concentration(s): Neat

Diluent used for product test N/A

solution(s):

Contact time(s): $1 \min \pm 10 \text{ s}$ Test temperature(s): $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$

Interfering substance: 0.3 g/l bovine albumin (clean conditions)

Temperature of incubation: $36^{\circ}C \pm 1^{\circ}C$

Identification of the bacterial Pseudomonas aeruginosa (NCIMB 10421)

strain(s) used: Escherichia coli (NCTC 10418)

Staphylococcus aureus (NCTC 10788) Enterococcus hirae (NCIMB 8192)

Deviations: None

Remarks:

- 1) All test conditions are as requested by the client, irrespective of whether these are in accordance with EN 1276:2019 (5.4.2) or EN 1276:2019 (5.5.1.1).
- 2) Products can only be tested at a concentration of 80% or less as some dilution is always produced by adding the test organisms and interfering substance.







Requirements:

The product shall demonstrate at least a 5 decimal log (lg) reduction against every test organism.

Conclusion:

According to EN 1276:2019, this sample of Toucan ECA Solutions possesses bactericidal activity against all of the referenced strains of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, *Escherichia coli*, *Staphylococcus aureus* and *Enterococcus hirae*, when tested neat with a contact time of 1 minute at 20°C under clean conditions.

Report re-issued by:

Signed:

Name: Tony Watson

Position: General Manager

Date: 13 March 2020

Approved by: Signed:

Name: Gareth Bayliss

Position: Laboratory Manager

Date: 13 March 2020







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RST 002 (Issue 4)

Test organism: Pseudomonas aeruginosa (NCIMB 10421)

Date of test: 03 March 2020

Test temperature: $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ Incubation temperature: $36^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ Dilution-neutralisation method: Pour plate Number of plates: 1/ml

Neutraliser: A Test conditions: Clean conditions

Validation and controls:

Results: EN 1276:2019

Validation	Validation suspension (Nv_0)			Experimental conditions			Neutraliser or filtration			Method validation (<i>C</i>)		
				control (A)			control (B)			Product conc.: Nea		
Vc1	87	<u>n</u> =	Vc1	90	<u>π</u> =	Vc1	91	<u>n</u> =	Vc1	101	<u>n</u> =	
Vc2	94	90.5	Vc2	87	88.5	Vc2	93	92	Vc2	94	97.5	
$30 \le \overline{\varkappa}$ of $Nv_0 \le 160$?			$\overline{\mu}$ of $A \ge 0.5 \times \overline{\mu}$ of Nv_0 ?			$\overline{\mu}$ of $B \ge 0.5 \times \overline{\mu}$ of Nv_0 ?			$\overline{\mu}$ of $C \ge 0.5 \times \overline{\mu}$ of Nv_0 ?			
⊠ yes □ no		⊠ yes □ no			⊠ yes	□no		⊠ yes	□no			

Test suspension (N and N_0):

	Ν	Vc1	Vc2	$\overline{\mu} \text{ wm} = 4.15 \times 10^8 ;$	lg N =	8.62
Ī	10 ⁻⁶	>330	>330	$N_0 = N/10$; $\lg N_0 =$	7.62	
	10 ⁻⁷	39	44	$7.17 \le \lg N_0 \le 7.70$?	⊠ yes	□no

Conc. of the product	Contact time	Vc1	Vc2	Na (π x 10)	lg Na	lg <i>R</i> (lg <i>N</i> _o - lg <i>Na</i>)
Neat	1 min	0	0	<140	<2.15	>5.47







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RST 002 (Issue 4)

Test organism: Escherichia coli (NCTC 10418)

Date of test: 03 March 2020

Test temperature: $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ Incubation temperature: $36^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ Dilution-neutralisation method: Pour plate Number of plates: 1/ml

Neutraliser: A Test conditions: Clean conditions

Validation and controls:

Results: EN 1276:2019

Validatio	Validation suspension (Nv_0)			ntal condit	tions	Neutralis	er or filtrat	tion	Method validation (<i>C</i>)		
				control (A)			control (B)			Product conc.: Neat	
Vc1	109	<u></u> =	Vc1	104	<u></u> =	Vc1	120	<u></u> =	Vc1	113	<u></u> =
Vc2	117	113	Vc2	111	107.5	Vc2	110	115	Vc2 107 110		110
$30 \le \overline{\varkappa}$ of $Nv_0 \le 160$?			$\overline{\mu}$ of $A \ge 0.5 \times \overline{\mu}$ of Nv_0 ?			$\overline{\mu}$ of $B \ge 0.5 \times \overline{\mu}$ of Nv_0 ?			$\overline{\mu}$ of $C \ge 0.5 \times \overline{\mu}$ of Nv_0 ?		
⊠ yes □ no		⊠ yes	□no		⊠ yes	□no		⊠ yes	□no		

Test suspension (N and N_0):

Ν	Vc1	Vc2	$\bar{\mu} \text{ wm} = 2.74 \times 10^8 ;$	$\lg N =$	8.44
			$N_0 = N/10$; $\lg N_0 =$		
10 ⁻⁷	27	25	$7.17 \le \lg N_0 \le 7.70$?	⊠ yes	□no

Conc. of the product	Contact	Vc1	Vc2	<i>Na</i> (π x 10)	lg Na	lg R (lg No - lg Na)
Neat	1 min	0	0	<140	<2.15	>5.29







RST 002 (Issue 4)

Test organism: Staphylococcus aureus (NCTC 10788)

Date of test: 03 March 2020

Test temperature: $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ Incubation temperature: $36^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ Dilution-neutralisation method: Pour plate Number of plates: 1/ml

Neutraliser: A Test conditions: Clean conditions

Validation and controls:

Results: EN 1276:2019

Validation	Validation suspension (Nv_0)			Experimental conditions			Neutraliser or filtration			Method validation (<i>C</i>)		
				control (A)			control (B)			Product conc.: Neat		
Vc1	54	<u>n</u> =	Vc1	61	<u>₩</u> =	Vc1	47	<u></u> =	Vc1	51	<u>n</u> =	
Vc2	50	52	Vc2	50	55.5	Vc2	53	50	Vc2	50	50.5	
$30 \le \overline{\varkappa}$ of $Nv_0 \le 160$?			$\overline{\mu}$ of $A \ge 0.5 \times \overline{\mu}$ of Nv_0 ?			$\overline{\mu}$ of $B \ge 0.5 \times \overline{\mu}$ of Nv_0 ?			$\overline{\mu}$ of $C \ge 0.5 \times \overline{\mu}$ of Nv_0 ?			
⊠ yes □ no ⊠ yes □ no			⊠ yes	□no		⊠ yes	□no					

Test suspension (N and N_0):

			$\pi \text{ wm} = 3.60 \times 10^8 \text{ ;}$	-	8.56
10 ⁻⁶	>330	>330	$N_0 = N/10$; $\lg N_0 =$	7.56	
10 ⁻⁷	38	34	$7.17 \le \lg N_0 \le 7.70$?	⊠ yes	□no

Conc. of the	Contact	Vc1	Vc2	Na	lg Na	lg R
product	time			(π x 10)		(lg N _o - lg Na)
Neat	1 min	0	0	<140	<2.15	>5.41







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RST 002 (Issue 4)

Test organism: Enterococcus hirae (NCIMB 8192)

Date of test: 03 March 2020

Test temperature: $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ Incubation temperature: $36^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ Dilution-neutralisation method: Pour plate Number of plates: 1/ml

Neutraliser: A Test conditions: Clean conditions

Validation and controls:

Results: EN 1276:2019

Validation	Validation suspension (Nv_0)			ntal condit	tions	Neutralis	er or filtrat	ion	Method validation (C)		
			control (A)			control (B)			Product conc.: Ned		Neat
Vc1	107	<u> </u>	Vc1	109	<u></u> <u>n</u> =	Vc1	104	<u></u> =	Vc1	103	<u>n</u> =
Vc2	113	110	Vc2	117	113	Vc2	98	101	Vc2	102	102.5
$30 \le \overline{\varkappa}$ of $Nv_0 \le 160$?			$\overline{\mu}$ of $A \ge 0.5 \times \overline{\mu}$ of Nv_0 ?			$\overline{\mu}$ of $B \ge 0.5 \times \overline{\mu}$ of Nv_0 ?			$\overline{\mu}$ of $C \ge 0.5 \times \overline{\mu}$ of Nv_0 ?		
⊠ yes □ no		⊠ yes □ no			⊠ yes	□no		⊠ yes	□no		

Test suspension (N and N_0):

Ν	Vc1	Vc2	$\overline{\mu}$ wm = 4.75 x 10 ⁸ ;	lg N =	8.68
10 ⁻⁶	>330	>330	$N_0 = N/10$; $\lg N_0 =$	7.68	
10 ⁻⁷	46	49	$7.17 \le \lg N_0 \le 7.70$?	⊠ yes	□no

Conc. of the	Contact	Vc1	Vc2	Na	lg Na	lg R
product	time			(π x 10)		(lg N _o - lg Na)
Neat	1 min	0	0	<140	<2.15	>5.53







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Explanations:

Vc count per ml (one plate or more)

 $\overline{\mu}$ average of Vc1 and Vc2 (1 + 2 duplicate)

 $\overline{\mu}$ wm weighted mean of $\overline{\mu}$

N number of cells per ml in the test suspension

 N_0 number of cells in the test mixture at the beginning of the contact time ($N_0 = N / 10$)

Na number of survivors per ml in the test mixture at the end of the contact time (before neutralisation or

filtration)

R reduction ($\lg R = \lg N_0 - \lg Na$)

Nv number of cells per ml in the validation suspension

 Nv_0 number of cells in the validation mixtures at the beginning of the contact time ($Nv_0 = Nv / 10$)

A number of survivors per ml in the experimental conditions control mixture

B number of survivors per ml in the neutraliser or filtration control mixture

C number of survivors per ml in the method validation mixture

All test results have an associated uncertainty of measurement, details of which are available on request.